## OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT SILVER BOW COUNTY, MT November 2, 2010

Silver Bow County State of Montana November 2, 2010 C **INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS** 11 1. TO VOTE, BLACKEN ( ) THE OVAL COMPLETELY. An oval FEDERAL AND STATE COUNTY blackened completely to the left of the (Continued) (Continued) candidate or ballot issue choice indicates a vote for that candidate or a vote on the FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE MILE HIGH CONSERVATION DISTRICT ballot issue. DISTRICT 74 (VOTE FOR THREE) 2. To write in a name, blacken the oval to (VOTE FOR ONE) the left of the line provided, and write in the left of the line provided, and write in the name (or affix a pre-printed label) in the blank space(s) for the write-in candidate(s) for whom you wish to vote.

3. DO NOT CROSS OUT. If you make a mistake or change your mind, exchange your ballot for a new one. **BOB BROCK** DOUG BUTORI (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) **DEMOCRAT** 21 MAX YATES REPUBLICAN JOHN ISAACSON **VOTE IN ALL COLUMNS** (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY VOTE BOTH SIDES DESIGNATION) FEDERAL AND STATE COUNTY DONALD E. UELAND (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY FOR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE DESIGNATION) FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER (VOTE FOR ONE) DISTRICT 2 (VOTE FOR ONE) **DENNY REHBERG** SHERYL RALPH (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) REPUBLICAN MIKE FELLOWS LIBERTARIAN **DENNIS MCDONALD** GUY L. QUAM (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) **DEMOCRAT** BALLOT ISSUES - STATE FOR SUPREME COURT JUSTICE #4 **FULL TERM** (VOTE FOR ONE) FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE COURT #1 CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION CALL NO. 2 (VOTE IN ONE OVAL) (VOTE FOR ONE) 44 **BETH BAKER** (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) A CALL FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION REQUIRED BY THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION DEBRA DARRAGH WILLIAMS (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) **NELS SWANDAL** (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) Article XIV, sections 3 and 4, of the Montana constitution requires the LORENA M. BRADY question of holding an unlimited constitutional convention to be submitted (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) to the people at the general election in each 20th year following its last submission. If a majority of those voting on the question answer in the affirmative, the legislature shall provide for the calling FOR SUPREME COURT JUSTICE #2
UNEXPIRED TERM
(VOTE IN ONE OVAL) thereof at its next session. FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR calling a constitutional COURT #2 convention. Shall Justice #2 Mike Wheat of the (VOTE FOR ONE) / 53/ Supreme Court of the state of Montana be retained in office for another term? Fill in the oval before the word "YES" if you AGAINST calling a **BOB LEE** (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) wish the official to remain in office. Fill in constitutional convention. the oval before the word "NO" if you do not wish the official to remain in office. DON W. DAVIS YES (NOMINATED WITHOUT PARTY DESIGNATION) NO **VOTE BOTH SIDES** VOTE IN NEXT COLUMN VOTE IN NEXT COLUMN 7N-CIVIC CENTER Typ:01 Seq:0007 Spl:01 C Sea:0007 <u>A</u>

BALLOT ISSUES - STATE (Commod)  CONSTITUTIONAL MEDIATIVE NO. 105 (VOTE IN ONE OVAL)  A CONSTITUTIONAL MEDIATION There is no adding state or local tax on anasocrate that all or transfer eral properly in Montana. C-11-05 smertle the constitution proposing any analysis of the commod o	Silver Bow County	E State of Montana	F November 2, 2010
CONSTITUTIONAL MEMOMENT PROPOSED BY INTITATIVE NO. 151 (VOTE IN ONE OVAL)  A CONSTITUTIONAL MEMOMENT PROPOSED BY INTITATIVE PETITION  These is no existing size or local for contractive the size of size of size of the size of size of size of the size of size of the size of size of the size of size of size of the size of size of the size of size	BALLOT ISSUES - STATE (Continued)		
PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION  There is no existing state or local tax or transactions that sell or transfer real property in Montana. C) 103 ements the property in Montana. C) 103 ements the property in Montana. C) 103 ements the constitution from imposing any real value. And commercial property, such as residential homes, apartments, condensition from imposing any real value. And commercial property, such as residential homes, apartments, condensition to prohibit state or combination for the prohibit state or combination for the prohibit state or combination to prohibit state or contraspections that sell or transfer real property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the promoter of the property of the prohibit state or local powerments from the promoter of the property of the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property of the property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local powerments from the property of the property of the prohibit state or local powerments from the prohibit state or	CONSTITUTIONAL INITIATIVE NO. 105		(VOTE IN ONE OVAL)
ranactions that sell or transfer real property in Monana. Chrolis mands the Montana Constitution to prohibit site of community of the communit	A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION		PETITION
Contrago constituir despita and an anticological and	PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION  There is no existing state or local tax on transactions that sell or transfer real property in Montana. CI-105 amends the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local governments from imposing any new tax on transactions that sell or transfer real property, such as residential homes, apartments, condominiums, townhouses, farms, ranches, land, and commercial property, after January 1, 2010.  FOR amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local governments from imposing any new tax on transactions that sell or transfer real property.  AGAINST amending the Montana Constitution to prohibit state or local governments from imposing any new tax on transactions that sell or transfer imposing any new tax on transactions that sell or transfer	I-161 revises the laws related to nonresident big game and deer hunting licenses. It abolishes outfitter-sponsored nonresident big game and deer combination licenses, replacing the 5,500 outfitter-sponsored big game licenses with 5,500 additional general nonresident big game licenses. It also increases the nonresident big game combination license fee from \$628 to \$897 and the nonresident deer combination license fee from \$328 to \$527. It provides for future adjustments of these fees for inflation. The initiative allocates a share of the proceeds from these nonresident hunting license fees to provide hunting access and preserve and restore habitat.  I-161 increases state revenues over the next four years by an estimated \$700,000 annually for hunting access and an estimated \$1.5 million annually for habitat preservation and restoration, assuming that all nonresident hunting licenses are sold. It also increases general nonresident hunting licenses are sold. It also increases general nonresident hunting licenses with nonresident licenses, increasing nonresident licenses with nonresident licenses fees, and increasing funding for hunting access and habitat.  AGAINST abolishing outfitter-sponsored hunting licenses, replacing outfitter-sponsored big game licenses with nonresident licenses, increasing nonresident licenses fees, and increasing funding for hunting access and increasing funding for hunting access and license fees, and increasing funding for hunting access and license fees, and increasing funding for hunting access and	Under Montana law, deferred deposit (payday) lenders may charge fees equaling one-fourth of the loan, which, as an annual interest rate could range from 300 percent to 650 percent. Title lenders may charge similar interest rates. I-164 reduces the interest, fees, and charges that payday lenders, title lenders, retail installment lenders, and consumer loan licensees may charge to an annual interest rate of 36 percent. It prohibits businesses from structuring other transactions to avoid the rate limit. It also revises statutes applicable to pawn brokers and junk dealers.  I-164 reduces the licenses and examination fee revenue paid to the State because certain lenders may not renew their licenses.  FOR reducing the annual interest, fees, and charges payday, title, and retail installment lenders and consumer loan licensees may charge on loans to 36 percent.  AGAINST reducing the annual interest, fees, and charges payday, title, and retail installment lenders and consumer loan licensees may charges payday, title, and retail installment lenders and consumer loan licensees may
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